



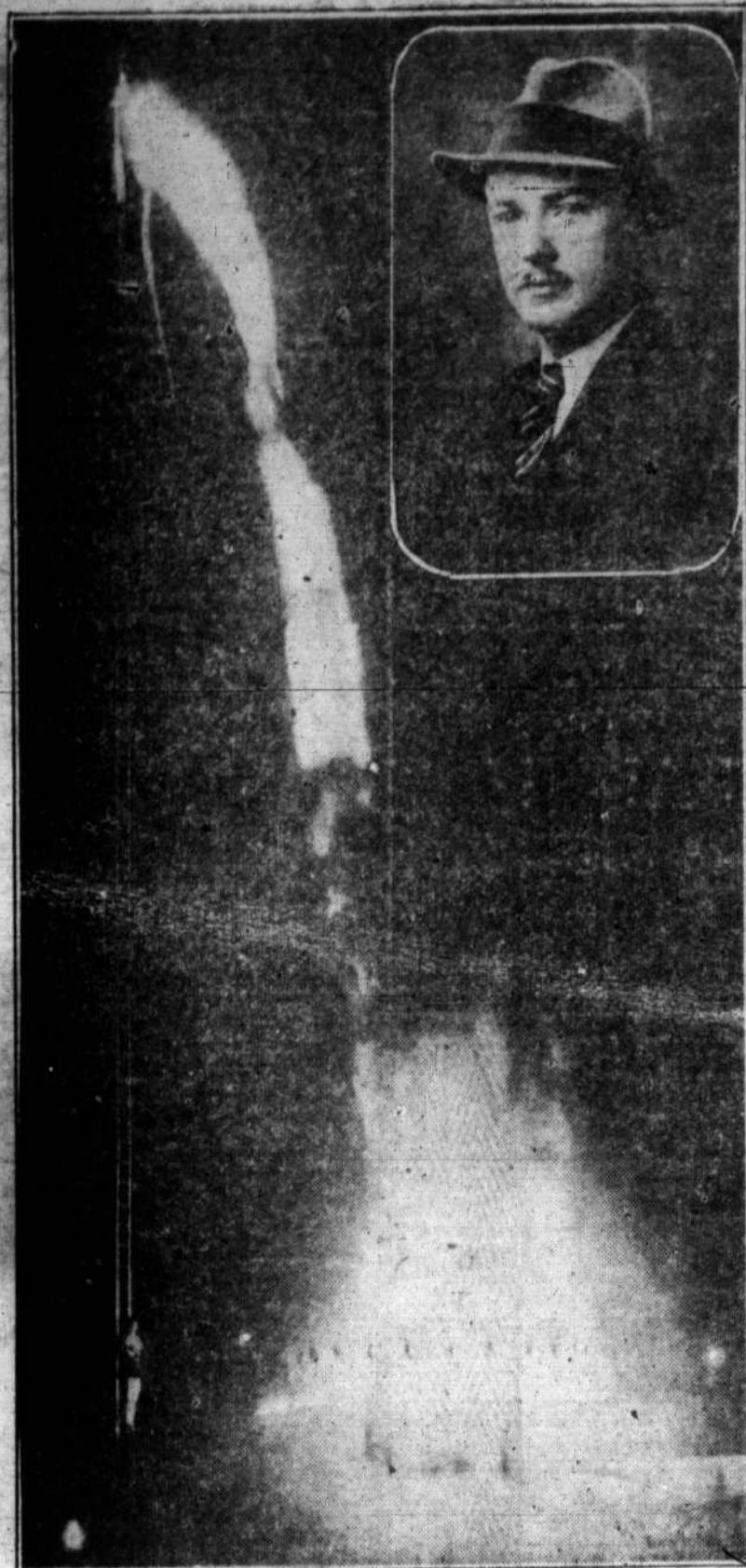
The Pocahontas Times.

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MARLINTON, POCAHONTAS COUNTY WEST VIRGINIA, AUGUST 16, 1934

\$1.00 A YEAR IN ADVANCE

Death Defying "Torch Leap" To Be Made by Captain Simon



CAPTAIN (DAREDEVIL) LEO SIMON

Defying death, Captain Leo Simon, inset, makes a nightly dive from a 105 foot ladder into a small tank as the feature event of the B. & B. Shows at the Pocahontas County Fair next week. Captain Simon climbs to the top of the ladder, pours a gallon of high test gasoline on his clothing, ignites it and dives into the tank which also contains burning gasoline. He turns a one and a half back turn.

Neighbor John Waugh brought in some prize taking potatoes Monday morning. Specimens weighed around twenty ounces and better. They are of the Carmen Number Two variety. He had a great yield in his garden near the bridge.

Burnsville, Va.—Mrs. Mary Ervine Burns, aged seventy-seven years, died at her home at Burnsville, Bath County, Tuesday night July 31, 1934. She was the widow of Charles Wesley Burns, for many years supervisor of Williamsville district. Her death

B & B SHOWS

To Furnish The Midway At The Pocahontas County Fair.

It is said by reliable authority that the B & B Shows are one of the cleanest midways in America today, and Fred C. Allen, Secretary of the Fair, feels highly elated over securing a contract with these shows to furnish the midway for the forthcoming fair, which promises to be one of the biggest and best fairs in their history.

The B & B Shows will have eight big beautiful riding devices, carrying all of the latest safety features, being gorgeously decorated and illuminated, with courteous attendants to welcome each customer; twelve meritorious educational shows with worth while attractions behind elaborately designed and illuminated fronts. This show also will furnish a diversified line of clean and wholesome amusements that will appeal to old and young, and each father, mother, sister and brother, may visit any of these attractions with the assurance that their modesty will not be shocked.

You will also find on the B & B Shows the very highest type of strictly legitimate merchandise concessions and each customer may be assured that no gambling games of chance will be seen on the grounds.

It. Henry Stee's Scotch Highland Band of ten pieces will furnish music for all midway attractions, and will give a concert twice daily at the entrance of the midway.

Last, but not least, Captain "Daredevil" Leo Simon will make a leap each night at 10:30 o'clock, from the top of a 105 foot ladder, rocketing through space with his body enveloped in flames, making one and a half turns backward, landing flat of his back in a roaring furnace of fire. Capt. Simon is the second man living today to accomplish this death defying, awe inspiring, act, and live to salute the public after four years consecutive performances.

Amusement loving public, "America's Cleanest Midway" will greet you at the Pocahontas County Fair, at Marlinton, West Virginia, August 20th to 24th.

followed a period of ill health of several years duration. She was born at Greenbank, W. Va., March 25, 1857. Her father was William Frye Ervine and Mrs. Elizabeth Jane Taylor Ervine, who was a daughter of Frederick Burn of Pocahontas county. Her entire married life was spent in the Burnsville section of Bath county. She was a descendant of Benjamin Ervine of Revolutionary fame. She is survived by two daughters, Mrs. W. T. Sanger, of Richmond, and Mrs. J. Paul Glick, Amberst, and four sons, Landon C. Burns, Maryland; Leon C. Burns, Waynesboro; Harry K. Burns, Burnsville, and Elmer Burns, Valley Center; and one brother, McNeer Ervine, of Marlinton, W. Va.

Funeral services were conducted on Thursday August 2 at Imbren Methodist Episcopal Church, South, Burnsville, by her pastor Rev. George Naylor. Burial in the community cemetery by the side of her husband.

BANKERS SUPPORT SOUND EXPANSION

By R. S. HECHT Vice President, American Bankers Association

BANKERS universally recognize that the prime economic need of the nation is the stimulation of sound industrial and commercial activities and recent travels over a wide stretch of the country have shown me that they everywhere are making all effort possible to lend constructive financial support within the scope of their proper banking functions to promoting the expansion of business activity.

Frequently in times past, when our country suffered from an economic depression and consequent unemployment on a large scale, the rise of some broad new industrial development, such for instance as a new industry like the automobile industry, has been a powerful factor in stimulating a return or an accelerated growth of national prosperity. Such a movement means the creation of new wealth, the employment of large groups of people on useful lines and as a consequence the production and distribution of sound, effective purchasing power, which is a form of wholesome economic stimulant that has none of the evils of monetary inflation.

A New Force for Business Improvement Perhaps we have at hand, if not the rising of a wholly new industry, a measurable equivalent in the potentialities of a widespread rebuilding and modernizing movement such as home renovating, plant remodeling, the putting of our railroads on a high speed air conditioned basis and other valuable developments in the construction field. The effects of such activities on employment and many lines of business would be most beneficial and I can repeat without reservation that we bankers are willing and eager to play our full economic part in any such constructive developments.

It has been made to appear that money has not gone to work because of the timidity of bankers rather than what is a true explanation, because business men have not had enough confidence in the business outlook to borrow the dollar from the banker and put it to work.

The basic requisite to the expansion of commercial bank loans is sound normal business conditions on which to conduct sound, normal banking operations. The best business a bank can wish for is the opportunity to loan money to successful business men and manufacturers imbued with confidence to enter upon aggressive business enterprises and endowed with the ability to bring them to successful conclusions. Such loans mean business activity for the community, growing pay rolls and prosperity, and the banker wants to make them because to be identified with such activities not only means profits to him but, additionally, brings him the reward of good will in his community.

There is no better proof of the great desire of banks to take care of the short term requirements of the business world than to point out the abnormally low rates at which this demand is being supplied at the present time.

BANK DEPOSITS WERE SAFEST INVESTMENTS

High Government Official Says No Investments Except U. S. Bonds Suffered as Little Loss as Deposits in Closed Banks

WASHINGTON, D. C.—No form of investments except Government bonds suffered as little loss as deposits in closed banks during the years 1931-32-33, Jesse H. Jones, Chairman of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, declared in a recent address.

"A point generally overlooked in connection with bank failures in this period, is that upon the whole, depositors in closed banks will get a somewhat larger percentage than has been true in bank failures over a period of any twenty-five years," Mr. Jones said. "Heretofore they have gotten about 55%, but in these wholesale bank closings, my estimate is that they will, upon the average, get about 60% of their deposits."

"Another point worthy of mention is that a depositor in a closed bank loses only a part of his deposit, while the bank stockholder loses all, plus a stock assessment. "No form of investment, except Government bonds, has suffered as little loss as deposits in closed banks, and while I appreciate that there is little consolation in this fact, those who had their savings invested in stocks, bonds, mortgages, real estate, industrial investments, or in businesses of any kind, have had losses very much greater, and in a much larger percentage, than have depositors in closed banks."

"It is for these reasons, and others not necessary here to enumerate, that it is not possible to justify paying depositors in closed banks with the taxpayers' money."

NO GOOD REASON FOR PESSIMISM

F. M. Law, President American Bankers Association, Sees Improving Conditions and a Changing Future

WASHINGTON, D. C.—There is no good reason for pessimism today, for though the "depression" is not by any means over we are coming out of it," F. M. Law, President of the American Bankers Association told the American Institute of Banking convention here recently.

"Banking is a necessary business and will endure," Mr. Law said. "In order to endure, it must be the right sort of banking, under the right sort of management."

"The American Institute of Banking commands and is entitled to great respect because its major objective is to teach and promote the right kind of banking. One of the chief reasons for my faith in the future of banking is that this organization has 219 active chapters, with over 50,000 members, and with 33,000 students enrolled, and it is doing a good job in teaching these thousands of bank employees what good banking is, and what it is not."

Business Men Should Recognize New Conditions

Business men everywhere, and especially bankers, he said, will do well to recognize and to understand the many changes that are occurring, for "it is fatal to be obsessed with the belief that any and all change from the existing order is heresy."

Banking is a serious business, he said and "I know not one single man or woman who has made a success of it who has not been over a long period of years a hard worker." He added:

"Take for your motto the old German phrase 'Ich Dien.' (I serve). Meaning what? Serve your depositors, your stockholders and society."

"Let no man tell you that private initiative is dead. On the contrary, it commands a greater premium today than ever before. If you and others like you have courage enough, if you possess patience, if you have a passion for hard work, and if, with an open mind, you look to and prepare for the future and the opportunities which are sure to come, you cannot be denied. Your generation will add prestige to the honorable calling that we know as banking."

Banks Repay R. F. C. Loans

Banks and trust companies on May 31 had repaid 61 per cent, or \$977,959,623.08 of the \$1,581,357,085.08 in cash which they had received from the Reconstruction Finance Corporation since its establishment on February 2, 1932.

FEDERAL RESERVE BOARD FINDS BANKING BETTER

WASHINGTON, D. C.—A review by the Federal Reserve Board indicates that the condition of operating banks, particularly in country districts, has improved in recent months; as shown by the fact that these banks have been able to reduce their indebtedness to the reserve banks, to the Reconstruction Finance Corporation and to others.

The July bulletin of the board in discussing these findings says:

"At the same time progress has been made in making available to depositors funds that had been tied up in closed banks. "Banks in financial centres have been out of debt to the Federal Reserve Banks for a long time and in addition have had a large volume of excess reserves. At the beginning of the year there were still many small banks throughout the country, however, that carried a considerable load of indebtedness."

Country Banks Reflect Improvement "The liquidation of indebtedness by these banks reflects in part improvement in business condition and the consequent ability of customers to repay bank loans which long had been frozen. It constitutes a strengthening of the banking position."

The board pointed out that the reduction of member bank indebtedness has been continuous since the beginning of 1932 except for a brief period during the banking crisis in the Spring of 1933. The review continued:

"In 1932 liquidation of indebtedness of member banks to the reserve banks was accompanied by an increase of their borrowings from the Reconstruction Finance Corporation. In the past year and a half, however, indebtedness of member banks to the Reconstruction Finance Corporation has also been reduced."

SEES TURNING-POINT IN BANKING HISTORY

NEW YORK—The American Bankers Association Journal in its July issue presents the following review of banking and business conditions:

"It is an almost universal opinion among bankers that June has been the turning point in banking history in the matter of recovery. Reasons for the optimism are twofold—the condition of the banks and the prospects of better banking business."

"The reorganization of the banking system after the holiday of sixteen months ago is now practically complete. The comparatively few banks yet to be reorganized and reopened are no longer a serious factor in the situation. The year's preparatory period for the enforcement of major provisions of the Banking Act of 1933 has passed, and banks now have a definite idea of where they stand."

Never before could we give you SO MUCH FOR YOUR MONEY



Just think! A brand new Maytag—the washer you've always wanted to own—at a price lower than you ever expected to see. NOW is CERTAINLY the time to buy—unless you want to wait and pay more.

FORMERLY SOLD FOR \$160
PRICE NOW \$89.50

C. J. RICHARDSON

Marlinton, W. Va.

GLADDEN-LAMBERT BEEF CANNING PLANT

A very pretty wedding of interest here last Saturday was that of Miss Hazel Maysell Lambert, attractive daughter of Mr and Mrs W. L. Lambert, of Greenbank, West Virginia, to Mr. Richard Gladden, son of Mr and Mrs E. L. Gladden, of Washington. The ceremony took place at one o'clock at 1717 Columbia Road, with the Rev. Dr. Henry H. Ranck, officiating.

The bride wore a charming frock of peach mousseline de soie. The maid of honor was Miss Harriett L. Gladden, sister of the groom, who wore a gown of white mousseline de soie. The best man was Carlton Robbins of Washington. A reception followed at the groom's home.

After the reception Mr Gladden and his bride left for a short wedding trip. Upon their return, they will make their home in Washington at 1717 Columbia Road 10th N. W. St. The bride has been an outstanding student nurse at Garfield Memorial Hospital, and Mr Gladden is employed as a secretary by the government—Washington Post.

INSECT RAVAGE

Why is it necessary to peel or strip unsawed timber of its bark before exposing it to the elements? Telephone poles are always peeled and treated with a coat of creosote to prevent insects from destroying them by their ravages. The same is true of posts used as piers and pedestals in temporary construction.

Insects thrive and find breeding places in the soft pith and pulp that form a layer between the rough outside bark and the body of the tree. All of you have seen this in your walks through the woods. Kick or slough off the bark of a fallen tree that has laid unprotected from the weather and what do you find? Worms, grubs, and a myriad kind of creeping, crawling animal life that feeds on the soft layers that lie underneath.

Unprotected timber is a haven of refuge for this type of animal life and its commercial value necessitates the removal of bark and, in the case of some species, an additional protection in the form of a preservative applied to the surface.

The chestnut blight, prevalent and at present, incurable, is an example of the destruction caused by this sort of animal life.

J. P. Kinsey, State Forester, in Camp Randolph Sick Call.

In reporting, Elmer McLaughlin's bumper crops of wheat and oats last week, we pulled a boner by leaving out the word oats. Mr. McLaughlin raised 270 measured bushels of oats on a little more than five acres of land—70 bushels to the acre.

PEOPLES STORE & SUPPLY CO.

- Ladies' Wash Dresses 98c to 2.95
 - Children's Wash Dresses 59c to .98
 - Ladies' Silk Hose 25c to 1.00
 - Children's Sun Suits 50c to .98
 - Ladies' and Children's White Shoes, Voiles, Batiste, Linen, Peque and Prints
- We will not restock in their materials
Get your supply now

- Chippens Salt
 - Lehigh Cement
 - Feed and Flour
 - Roofing and Wire
 - Genasco Roofing Coating
 - Sugar
 - Fruit Jars
 - Jar Rings and Lids
 - Pure Apple Vinegar
- To the users of Jewel Flour
We will have a car of Jewel Flour in about ten days. See us then.
"We Deliver The Goods"

A DOZEN GOOD REASONS

for owning a FORD V-8

It is unnecessary to resort to adjectives in describing the Ford V-8. To understand its value you merely have to look at its features—and find out how much they ordinarily cost. A dozen of them are listed below.

Study the Ford V-8 point by point. Discover the engineering advances that have made it one of the finest performing cars on the road. And discover comfort that you would hardly believe so little money could buy.

Drive the Ford V-8. And while you thrill to its pick-up, its power and its luxury... remember that it is the most economical car to operate Ford has ever built.

AUTHORIZED FORD DEALERS

Houdaille 2-Way Shock Absorbers Next car with this feature costs \$150 more	Extra Cost of Next Car with Dual Down-draft Carburetion \$290.00	Transverse Cantilever Springs Free action on all 4 wheels	Torque-tube Drive found in no other car under \$795.00	The Only Car Under \$3200 with welded steel spoke wheels	Aluminum Cylinder Head standard equipment for next car with this feature
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\$505 AND UP
F.O.B. DETROIT
Easy terms through Universal Credit Company—the Authorized Ford Finance Plan.

All Steel Body gives Maximum Safety	Single Pane Clear-Vision Window Ventilation \$50 extra for next car with this feature	The Only Car Under \$2500 with a V-Type 8-cylinder engine	3/4 Floating Rear Axle with Straddle-mounted Pinion Exclusive on Ford	Completely Water-jacketed Cylinder and Upper Crankcase Walls	5 1/2 Gallon Cooling System Next car with this feature costs \$1070 more
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